Better Care Through Better Data



Frisco



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- Masters of Social Work, Macro Emphasis 2017
- Founded Karuna Care Services (KCS) in 2014
- Boulder County Mil Levy Advisor Council, Appointee Board Member, 2020 - Current
- Collaborative Impact Fund of Denver, Board Member, 2021 - Current
- YMCA of Northern Colorado, Board Member, 2018 - Current
- Blue Spruce Group, Board Member, 2019 Current



What Are We Talking About?!?

- Why do we collect data?
- What do we do with our data?
- Understanding our data
- · Let's collect better data
- Data Analysis





Why Do We Collect Data?

- Primarily Compliance Driven Practice
- Individual Service and Support Evaluation
- Improve Quality of Care and Support
- Program Evaluation
- Our Data Should Serve to Improve Care

What Do We Typically Do With Our Data?

1

Level One:

- Data is primarily used for reporting purposes
 - HRC Reporting
 - IDT Requirements
 - CCB Requirements
- Compliance Focused

2

Level two:

Evaluation and Review to identify trends

- Is the support plan achieving the goal?
- Are skills improving?
- New skills acquired?
- Increase / Decrease of identified behaviors?

3

Level Three:

- Secondary data analysis
- Program evaluation
- Cross client support evaluation



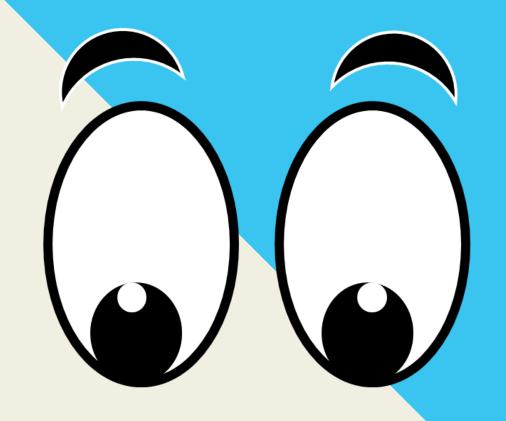
What Does Our Data Typically Look Like?

- Observational Data
- Observational Data
- More Observational Data
- Yup, More Observational Data

Observational Data is Important!

Strengths of Observational Data:

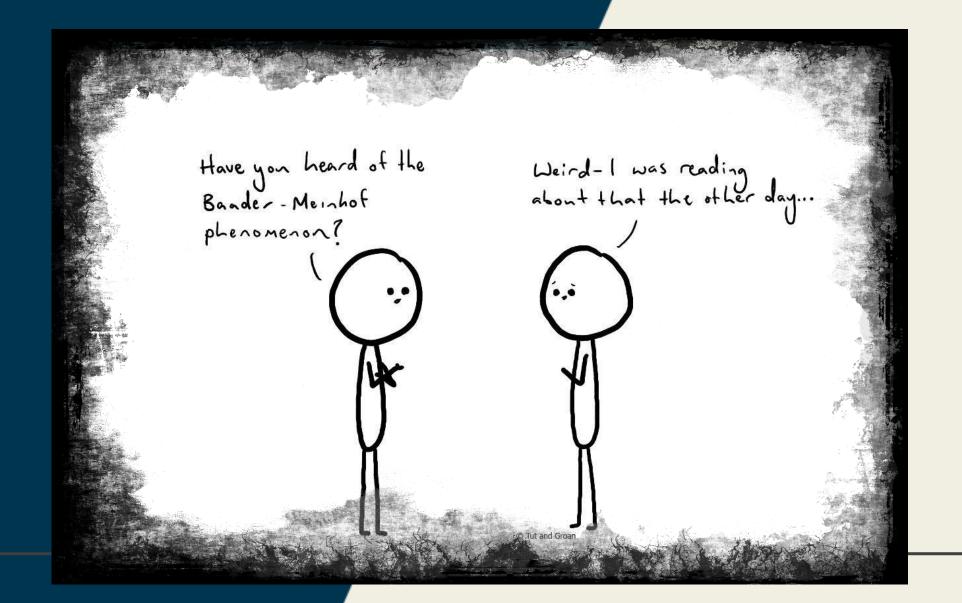
- Allows for the collection of data where and when an event or activity is occurring.
- Does not rely on people's willingness or ability to provide information.
- Allows you to directly see what people do rather than relying on what people say they did.



Common Types of Observational Data:

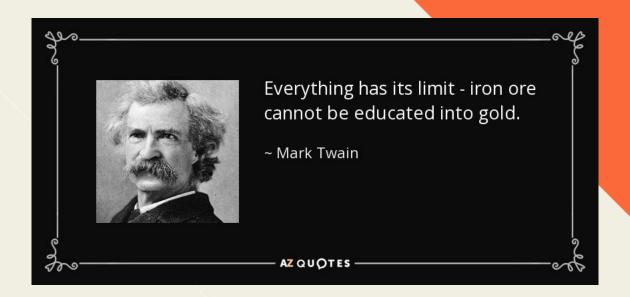
- Frequency
 - How many times did a "behavior" occur
- Duration
 - How long did a "behavior" occur
- Nominal
 - Did a "behavior" occur





Observational Data Limits & Considerations:

- Frequency Illusion
- Timeliness of Tracking
- Inconsistent Data Tracking
- Correlation does not equal causation (Although we sometimes like to pretend it does)



Overcoming the Subjective and Improving our Data

1

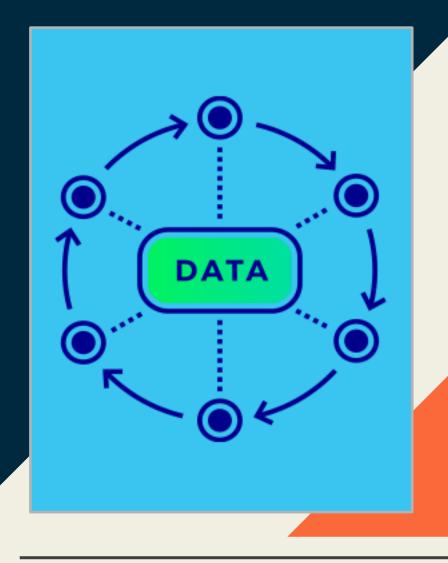
Intentional Data Collection

Training &
More Training

2

Keep It Simple Silly





Intentional Data Collection:

Consider other types of data that can be utilized in support of a plan

- Likert Scale
 - Five Points of Goodness
- Nominal
 - Yes/No
- Partial Interval Recording
 - Separate out methodical periods of time for tracking.





Incorporate Objective Data Collection Measures

- Quantitative Data
- Utilize Tech
- Internet of Things!!!
 - Fitbit or Smart Watch to potentially track activity or sleep
- Biometric Indicators
 - Heart Rate Variability

Training is Time
Exceptionally Well Spent

- When documenting a support plan, detail with precision the steps needed in order to appropriately support.
- Conduct "live" training for all support staff expected to implement a given plan.
- Review the efficacy of a given plan. When it comes time to analyze the data do more than just go through the motions. Include support staff in the evaluation process.
- Coordinate with the individual's IDT, ensure they are aware of the support plan.



- Intentional Data Collection Selection
 - Likert Scale, Partial Interval Recording, Nominal Data
- Keep it Simple Silly (KISS)
 - The best plans in the world are only as good as the data collected.
 - Quality not Quantity
- Know the Limits of Your Data Collection
 - Varied data collection methods
 - Incorporate Objective data collection
- Training Makes the World Go Round
 - Ensure that everyone involved in plan implementation understands the plan
- Review Your Data In Order to Gauge the Efficacy of a Given Plan.



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